1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 ANDREA GORDON, Plaintiff, 12 No. C08-3630 BZ 13 v. FINAL PRETRIAL ORDER 14 THE BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, 15 Defendant. 16 17 18 The pretrial conference in this case was held on April 19 22, 2010. Andrea Gordon ("Gordon") was represented at the 20 conference by Howard Moore, Jr. Esq. and Pamela Price, Esq. 21 The Bay Area Air Quality Management District ("defendant") was 22 represented by Richard Schneider, Esq and Sandra Dawes Esq. 23 This Order shall control the subsequent conduct of the 24 case and be modified only to prevent manifest injustice. See 25 Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(e).

1. LENGTH AND TIME OF TRIAL

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Trial shall begin on Monday, May 10, 2010, at 8:30 a.m. in Courtroom G, 15th Floor, Federal Building, 450 Golden Gate

Avenue, San Francisco, California 94102. The trial schedule is as follows: 8:30 a.m. - 1:30 p.m.

Plaintiff shall be prepared to call witnesses Monday, May 10, 2010. Each side shall schedule witnesses to avoid any interruption in the presentation of testimony. Plaintiff will have 13 hours to present evidence. Defendant shall have 9 hours. Time will be kept consistent with the method described during the pretrial conference.

2. CLAIMS TO BE TRIED

The following claims will be tried to a jury: retaliation and race and sex discrimination in the hiring of Young, Fournier, and Wiley, and retaliation.

In the event plaintiff prevails, issues of equitable relief will be tried to the Court, directly after the jury verdict. The Court has time available on Tuesday, May 18, 2010. The parties are directed to try to stipulate to as many of the equitable relief issues as they can.

3. VOIR DIRE

Any objections to the proposed voir dire questions distributed at the conference should be filed by no later than Friday, April 30, 2010.

4. MOTIONS

Plaintiff's Motion No. 1 is **DENIED** subject to it being renewed at trial if defendant seeks to introduce a document that was not previously produced or call a witness which was not properly identified in pretrial proceedings.

Plaintiff's Motion No. 2 is **DENIED** to the extent that plaintiff may testify concerning her personal belief about

discrimination in her work place so long as it is grounded in her personal knowledge. See <u>Gossett v. Oklahoma</u>, 245 F.3d 1172, 1179 (10th Cir. 2001); <u>Lee v. TRW, Inc.</u>, 2006 WL 5105273, *2 (C.D. Cal. 2006)

Plaintiff's Motion No. 3 is **DENIED**. Many of plaintiff's proposed questions will be included in the court's voir dire.

Plaintiff's Motion No. 4 is **GRANTED** subject to being reconsidered should plaintiff introduce evidence about defendant's ongoing "institutional bias."

Plaintiff's Motion Nos. 5 and 6 are GRANTED as unopposed.

Plaintiff's Motion No. 7 to exclude reference to plaintiff's counsels' prior and current representations of plaintiff in other cases is **GRANTED** subject to being reconsidered should plaintiff try to introduce evidence of the sort of concerns mentioned at the bottom of page 1 in defendant's opposition.

Plaintiff's Motion No. 8 is **GRANTED** subject to being reconsidered if plaintiff's testimony places this matter at issue.

Defendant's Motion No. 1 is **DENIED**. Evidence of Mr. Wiley's harassment is relevant to the issue of whether Mr. Wiley retaliated against plaintiff. It may also be relevant to plaintiff's sex discrimination claim to the extent that it establishes that the District tolerated sexually harassing conduct. If the timing of any of the acts of alleged harassment is such that the act cannot have constituted retaliation, then the motion will likely be granted.

Defendant's Motion No. 2 is DENIED. The evidence is

relevant to plaintiff's § 1981 claim for race discrimination and retaliation in the selection of David Wiley.

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Defendant's Motion Nos. 3 and 4 are GRANTED as unopposed.

PART. The motion is GRANTED as to the "hooligan" comment. I do not construe plaintiff's testimony as establishing that this is a racist comment, as opposed to being an offensive comment. In any event, Mr. Ortellado apologized immediately, so the testimony would tend to be more prejudicial than probative. The motion is also GRANTED as to the testimony about comments Mr. Hilken is alleged to have made in 1994. The motion is DENIED as to the other comments.

Defendant's Motion No. 6 is GRANTED to the extent that evidence which is relevant only to Wiley's post-hiring performance is excluded. See McDouqal-Wilson v. Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., 427 F.Supp.2d 595, 608 n.4 (E.D.N.C. 2006) (finding that "such 'post-decision' performance is irrelevant to the decision maker's original promotion decision"). Evidence of his post-hiring performance which is relevant to issues such as whether Mr. Wiley engaged in retaliation or whether the District harbors racial or sexual animus will not be excluded. Nor will evidence of post-hiring performance that bears directly on issues about Mr. Wiley's background and experience that were known to the District at the time it made the hiring decision. See Rifkinson v. CBS, 1997 WL 634514, *6 (S.D.N.Y. 1997) (finding that such evidence may be admissible if a plaintiff can establish a specific nexus demonstrating how "performance evaluations lead to an inference of

discriminatory intent at the time of the hiring").

5. EXHIBITS AND EVIDENCE

Exhibits shall not be a part of the record or go to the jury unless sponsored by a witness or otherwise brought to the jury's attention. The parties must lodge the entire transcript of all depositions they anticipate using at trial by the start of trial. The parties are to meet and confer in an effort to agree on exhibits consistent with the rulings I provided during the pretrial conference. The parties are to submit joint and, if necessary, separate lists of exhibits by MAY 6, 2010. Further rulings on exhibits will be made at a conference to be conducted on May 10, 2010 after the conclusion of testimony, unless a specific ruling is needed before trial begins.

6. JURY INSTRUCTIONS

Rulings on the instructions were made on the record at the pretrial conference on April 22, 2010. The Court distributed a proposed set of final instructions.

7. MISCELLANEOUS

Any party who desires a transcript of the trial must make arrangements with the court reporter. Any party who needs an interpreter or audio or visual equipment shall make its own arrangements for same and clear all such equipment with court security personnel.

The parties are instructed to notify the Court immediately if this action should settle before the

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